Palmer Square Income Plus Fund

Class I (Ticker: PSYPX) Class T (Ticker: PSTPX)

Palmer Square Ultra-Short Duration Investment Grade Fund (Ticker: PSDSX)

Each a series of Investment Managers Series Trust (the "Trust")

Supplement dated June 4, 2025 to the currently effective Summary Prospectuses, Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information.

*** IMPORTANT NOTICE REGARDING PROPOSED FUND REORGANIZATIONS ***

The Board of Trustees of Investment Managers Series Trust has approved an Agreement and Plan of Reorganization (the "Plan") for each of the Palmer Square Income Plus Fund and Palmer Square Ultra-Short Duration Investment Grade Fund (each, a "Target Fund"), each a series of the Trust, providing for the reorganization of each Target Fund into a corresponding newly created series (each, an "Acquiring Fund") of Palmer Square Funds Trust (the "Acquiring Trust"). The reorganization of each Target Fund is subject to approval by its shareholders and other customary closing conditions.

Each Acquiring Fund will have identical investment objectives and substantially the same principal investment strategies as its corresponding Target Fund. Following the reorganization, each Target Fund's current investment advisor, Palmer Square Capital Management LLC ("Palmer Square Capital"), will continue to serve as investment advisor to each Acquiring Fund. In addition, each Acquiring Fund will have the same portfolio managers as the corresponding Target Fund. The Acquiring Trust is comprised exclusively of funds managed by Palmer Square Capital.

The Plan provides for each Target Fund to transfer all of its assets to the corresponding Acquiring Fund in return for shares of the Acquiring Fund and the Acquiring Fund's assumption of the Target Fund's liabilities. Shareholders of each Target Fund will become shareholders of the corresponding Acquiring Fund, receiving shares of the Acquiring Fund equal in value to the shares of the Target Fund held by the shareholders prior to the reorganization. The reorganizations are not expected to result in the recognition of gain or loss by a Target Fund or its shareholders for federal income tax purposes. Palmer Square Capital will bear the costs related to the reorganizations.

The Trust will call a shareholder meeting at which shareholders of each Target Fund will be asked to consider and vote on the Plan with respect to their Target Fund. If the required shareholder approval for the reorganization of a Target Fund is obtained, the reorganization of that Target Fund is currently expected to take effect on or around end of third quarter 2025.

Shareholders of each Target Fund will receive a proxy statement with additional information about the shareholder meeting and the proposed reorganizations. Please read the proxy materials carefully, as they will contain a more detailed description of the proposed reorganizations.

Please file this Supplement with your records.

Ticker Symbol: PSYPX

Palmer Square Income Plus Fund

Summary Prospectus

October 31, 2024

PALMER SQUARE

Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund's Statutory Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information and other information about the Fund online at https://www.palmersquarefunds.com/funds/income-plus-fund-psypx. You may also obtain this information at no cost by calling 1-800-736-1145 or by sending an e-mail request to investorrelations@palmersquarecap.com. The Fund's Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information, both dated October 31, 2024, as each may be amended or supplemented, are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus.

Investment Objectives

The investment objective of the Palmer Square Income Plus Fund (the "Fund") is income. A secondary objective of the Fund is capital appreciation.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table and example below.

Shareholder Fees		
(fees paid directly from your investment)		
Wire fee		\$20
Overnight check delivery fee		\$25
Retirement account fees (annual maintenance fee)		\$15
Annual Fund Operating Expenses		
(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)		
Management fees		0.49%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) fees		None
Other expenses		0.25%
Shareholder servicing fee	0.09%	
Dividend and interest expense on short sales	0.05%	
All other expenses	0.11%	
Total annual fund operating expenses		0.74%

Example

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same.

Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Ten Years
Class I	\$76	\$237	\$411	\$918

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 109% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal market conditions, the Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus any borrowings for investment purposes) in debt securities. The types of debt securities in which the Fund may invest include, but are not limited to, (i) asset-backed securities, including collateralized loan obligations ("CLOs") and mortgage-backed securities, (ii) corporate bonds, notes, debentures and commercial paper, (iii) securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, its agencies, instrumentalities or sponsored entities, (iv) bank loans, (v) senior secured floating rate and fixed rate loans or debt, (vi) second lien or other subordinated or unsecured floating rate and fixed rate loans or debt and (vii) credit derivatives, including credit default swaps and their associated derivatives. The Fund may invest a significant portion of its assets in one or more investment types. The Fund's investment strategy involves active and frequent trading.

The Fund's investments in asset-backed securities may be comprised of loans or leases secured by motor vehicles or other equipment, consumer receivables from sources such as credit cards or student loans, or cash flows from operating assets such as royalties and leases.

Mortgage-backed securities in which the Fund may invest include those issued or guaranteed by federal agencies and/or U.S. Government sponsored instrumentalities, such as the Government National Mortgage Administration ("Ginnie Mae"), the Federal Housing Administration ("FHA"), the Federal National Mortgage Association ("Fannie Mae") and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("Freddie Mac"). The Fund may also invest in commercial mortgage-backed securities ("CMBS") and collateralized mortgage-backed securities ("CMOs") issued or guaranteed by private entities.

The Fund may invest in debt securities of any maturity and credit quality. Under normal market conditions, the Advisor expects that the Fund will invest primarily in securities rated investment grade at time of purchase. Investment grade securities are those rated in the Baa3 or higher categories by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's"), or in the BBB-or higher categories by Standard & Poor's, a division of McGraw Hill Companies Inc. ("S&P"), or Fitch Ratings Ltd. ("Fitch") or, if unrated by Moody's, S&P, or Fitch, or another Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization ("NRSRO"), determined by Palmer Square Capital Management LLC (the "Advisor"), the Fund's advisor, to be of comparable credit quality. However, the Fund may invest up to 30% of its net assets in high yield securities — securities rated below investment grade that generally have higher yields and higher risks than investment grade securities. High yield securities, commonly referred to as "junk bonds", are rated below investment grade by at least one of Moody's, S&P or Fitch (or if unrated, determined by the Advisor to be of comparable credit quality high yield securities).

The Advisor anticipates the Fund's average portfolio duration under normal market conditions to be less than two years. Duration is a measure of the underlying portfolio's price sensitivity to changes in prevailing interest rates. The longer a security's duration, the more sensitive its price will be to changes in interest rates. For example, the price of a security with a two-year duration would be expected to decrease by approximately 2% in response to a 1% increase in interest rates. Calculations of duration may be based on estimates and may not reliably predict a security's sensitivity to changes in interest rates.

For the purposes of achieving the Fund's investment objectives, hedging risks, and enhancing liquidity, the Fund may also employ derivatives, such as: puts and calls on U.S. Treasury futures; options, swaps and other interest rate derivatives; and credit default swaps and their associated derivatives on selected entities or indexes (where the Fund may act as either buyer or seller). As it pertains to the Advisor's use of derivatives for hedging, risks that can be quantitatively measured and managed include interest rate risk (duration and convexity, which is the change to duration as interest rates change), prepayment risk, spread risk and volatility risk. The Advisor's goal is not to eliminate all risk, but to assume only those

risks the Advisor views as offering a strong risk/return profile. Additionally, the Fund may employ the types of derivatives referenced above in order to achieve its investment objectives by, among other practices, replicating a certain type of credit exposure, obtaining short or long exposures to credit and/or interest rates, or taking a position in light of a potential appreciation or depreciation in value of a company's securities. The Advisor anticipates that, in general, the net long exposure of the Fund will not exceed 100% and the Fund will not have a net short exposure. The Fund will include the market value of its derivative positions based on debt securities or interest rates for purposes of determining whether it holds at least 80% of its net assets in debt securities.

In pursuing the Fund's investment objectives, the Advisor uses a blend of top-down analysis which includes macro analysis, cross-asset relative value analysis, and sector monitoring, and bottom-up analysis which involves individual issuer and management analysis and security/transaction evaluation that seeks to identify debt securities that it believes can provide highly competitive rate yields and total return over the long term with relatively mitigated credit risk.

As part of its overall investment process, the Fund's investments are subject to the Advisor's environmental, social and governance ("ESG") screening process, as described below. Generally, before the Fund invests in a below investment grade (i.e., "junk bonds") corporate security, the Advisor analyzes the issuer's ESG risk profile using fundamental, bottom-up research as well as independent third-party data to assess whether an issuer should be considered for investment. The Advisor's ESG screening process requires that all below investment grade corporate debt issuers considered for purchase be assigned a score rating using the Advisor's proprietary scoring methodology (an "ESG Score"), which is used as part of the Advisor's overall assessment of whether such an issuer should be considered for investment. The Advisor's ever to investment grade issuers, although generally they are not assigned an ESG Score by the Advisor. The Advisor's ESG screening process is designed to largely exclude issuers that it believes are inconsistent with the goals and objectives expressed in the UN Global Compact's Principles and Sustainable Development Goals, which may change over time. In addition, the Advisor's ESG screening process seeks to exclude debt obligations of issuers that, together with any affiliates, are involved in and derive significant revenue (i.e., more than 50% of their revenue) from certain industries or product lines, including:

- the speculative extraction of oil and gas (commonly referred to as exploration and production);
- the speculative extraction of thermal coal or the generation of electricity using coal;
- hazardous chemicals, pesticides and wastes, or ozone depleting substances;
- endangered or protected wildlife or wildlife products, the production or trade of which is banned by applicable global conventions and agreements;
- pornography or prostitution;
- tobacco or tobacco-related products;
- subprime lending or payday lending activities;
- firearms or weapons, including controversial weapons (e.g., cluster bombs, anti-personnel mines, and chemical or biological weapons); and
- components or services that have been specifically designed or designated for military purposes, or for the functioning of controversial weapons.

Principal Risks of Investing

Risk is inherent in all investing and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. A summary description of certain principal risks of investing in the Fund is set forth below. Before you decide whether to invest in the Fund, carefully consider these risk factors associated with investing in the Fund, which may cause investors to lose money. There can be no assurance that the Fund will achieve its investment objectives.

• *Market Risk.* The market price of a security or instrument may decline, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, due to general market conditions that are not specifically related to a particular company, such as real or perceived adverse economic, political, or geopolitical conditions throughout the world, changes in the general outlook for

corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates, or adverse investor sentiment generally. In addition, local, regional or global events such as war, acts of terrorism, international conflicts, the spread of infectious illness or other public health issues, or other events could have a significant impact on a security or instrument. The market value of a security or instrument also may decline because of factors that affect a particular industry or industries, such as labor shortages or increased production costs and competitive conditions within an industry. The increasing interconnectivity between global economies and financial markets increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region or financial market.

- *Interest Rate Risk.* Generally fixed income securities decrease in value if interest rates rise and increase in value if interest rates fall, with longer-term securities being more sensitive than shorter-term securities. For example, the price of a security with a three-year duration would be expected to drop by approximately 3% in response to a 1% increase in interest rates. Generally, the longer the maturity and duration of a bond or fixed rate loan, the more sensitive it is to this risk. Falling interest rates also create the potential for a decline in the Fund's income. Changes in governmental policy, rising inflation rates, and general economic developments, among other factors, could cause interest rates to increase and could have a substantial and immediate effect on the values of the Fund's investments. These risks are greater during periods of rising inflation. In addition, a potential rise in interest rates may result in periods of volatility and increased redemptions that might require the Fund to liquidate portfolio securities at disadvantageous prices and times.
- *Liquidity Risk.* The Fund may not be able to sell some or all of the investments that it holds due to a lack of demand in the marketplace or other factors such as market turmoil, or if the Fund is forced to sell an illiquid asset to meet redemption requests or other cash needs it may only be able to sell those investments at a loss. In addition, the reduction in dealer market-making capacity in the fixed income markets that has occurred in recent years has the potential to decrease the liquidity of the Fund's investments. Illiquid assets may also be difficult to value.
- *Valuation Risk.* The sales price the Fund could receive for any particular portfolio investment may differ from the Fund's valuation of the investment, particularly for securities that trade in thin or volatile markets or that are valued by the Advisor using a fair value methodology. Investors who purchase or redeem Fund shares on days when the Fund is holding fair-valued securities may receive fewer or more shares or lower or higher redemption proceeds than they would have received if the Advisor had not fair-valued the security or had used a different valuation methodology.
- *Fixed Income Securities Risk.* The prices of fixed income securities respond to economic developments, particularly interest rate changes, as well as to changes in an issuer's credit rating or market perceptions about the creditworthiness of an issuer. Generally fixed income securities decrease in value if interest rates rise and increase in value if interest rates fall, and longer-term and lower rated securities are more volatile than shorter-term and higher rated securities.
- *Credit Risk.* If an issuer or guarantor of a debt security held by the Fund or a counterparty to a financial contract with the Fund defaults or is downgraded or is perceived to be less creditworthy, or if the value of the assets underlying a security declines, the value of the Fund's portfolio will typically decline.
- *Extension Risk.* If interest rates rise, repayments of fixed income securities may occur more slowly than anticipated by the market. This may drive the prices of these securities down because their interest rates are lower than the current interest rate and they remain outstanding longer.
- *High Yield ("Junk") Bond Risk.* High yield bonds are debt securities rated below investment grade (often called "junk bonds"). Junk bonds are speculative, involve greater risks of default, downgrade, or price declines and are more volatile and tend to be less liquid than investment-grade securities. Companies issuing high yield bonds are less financially strong, are more likely to encounter financial difficulties, and are more vulnerable to adverse market events and negative sentiments than companies with higher credit ratings.

- Bank Loan Risk. The Fund's investments in secured and unsecured participations in bank loans and assignments of such loans may create substantial risk. In making investments in such loans, which are made by banks or other financial intermediaries to borrowers, the Fund will depend primarily upon the creditworthiness of the borrower for payment of principal and interest which will expose the Fund to the credit risk of both the financial institution and the underlying borrower. The market for bank loans may not be highly liquid and the Fund may have difficulty selling them. Bank loan trades may also be subject to settlement delays. In addition, bank loans may not be considered securities under U.S. federal securities laws and, as a result, investments in them may not have the protection of federal securities laws.
- Senior Loan Risk. The Fund may invest in floating or adjustable rate senior loans. These investments are subject to increased credit and liquidity risks. Senior loan prices also may be adversely affected by supply-demand imbalances caused by conditions in the senior loan market or related markets. Below investment grade senior loans, like high-yield debt securities or junk bonds, usually are more credit than interest rate sensitive, although the value of these instruments may be affected by interest rate swings in the overall fixed income market. Senior loans may be subject to structural subordination and, although the loans may be senior to equity and other debt securities in the borrower's capital structure, the loans may be subordinated to other obligations of the borrower or its subsidiaries.
- Collateralized Loan Obligations Risk. The Fund is subject to asset manager, legal and regulatory, limited recourse, liquidity, redemption, and reinvestment risks as a result of the structure of CLOs in which the Fund may invest. A CLO's performance is linked to the expertise of the CLO manager and its ability to manage the CLO portfolio. Changes in the regulation of CLOs may adversely affect the value of the CLO investments held by the Fund and the ability of the Fund to execute its investment strategy. CLO debt is payable solely from the proceeds of the CLO's underlying assets and, therefore, if the income from the underlying loans is insufficient to make payments on the CLO debt, no other assets will be available for payment. CLO debt securities may be subject to redemption and the timing of redemptions may adversely affect the returns on CLO debt. The CLO manager may not find suitable assets in which to invest and the CLO manager's opportunities to invest may be limited. As of June 30, 2024, approximately 35% of the Fund's assets were invested in CLOs.
- Derivatives Risk. Derivatives include instruments and contracts that are based on and valued in relation to
 one or more underlying securities, financial benchmarks, indices, or other reference obligations or measures
 of value. Major types of derivatives include futures, options, swaps and forward contracts. Using derivatives
 exposes the Fund to additional or heightened risks, including leverage risk, liquidity risk, valuation risk, market
 risk, counterparty risk, and credit risk. Derivatives transactions can be highly illiquid and difficult to unwind
 or value, they can increase Fund volatility, and changes in the value of a derivative held by the Fund may
 not correlate with the value of the underlying instrument or the Fund's other investments. Many of the risks
 applicable to trading the instruments underlying derivatives are also applicable to derivatives trading. However,
 derivatives trading is subject to additional risks, such as operational risk, including settlement issues, and legal
 risk, including that underlying documentation is incomplete or ambiguous. For derivatives that are required to
 be cleared by a regulated clearinghouse, other risks may arise from the Fund's relationship with a brokerage firm
 through which it submits derivatives trades for clearing, including in some cases from other clearing customers
 of the brokerage firm.
- Mortgage-Backed and Asset-Backed Securities Risk. Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities represent interests
 in "pools" of mortgages or other assets, including consumer loans or receivables held in trust. Mortgage-backed
 securities are subject to "prepayment risk" (the risk that borrowers will repay a loan more quickly in periods of
 falling interest rates) and "extension risk" (the risk that borrowers will repay a loan more slowly in periods of
 rising interest rates). If the Fund invests in mortgage-backed or asset-backed securities that are subordinated
 to other interests in the same pool, the Fund may only receive payments after the pool's obligations to other
 investors have been satisfied. An unexpectedly high rate of defaults on the assets held by a pool may limit

substantially the pool's ability to make payments of principal or interest to the Fund, reducing the values of those securities or in some cases rendering them worthless. The Fund's investments in other asset-backed securities are subject to risks similar to those associated with mortgage-backed securities, as well as additional risks associated with the nature of the assets and the servicing of those assets. As of June 30, 2024, approximately 21% of the Fund's assets were invested in mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities.

- Government-Sponsored Entities Risk. The Fund's investment in U.S. government obligations may include securities
 issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. government, or its agencies or instrumentalities.
 There can be no assurance that the U.S. government would provide financial support to its agencies or
 instrumentalities (including government-sponsored enterprises) where it is not obligated to do so.
- Subordinated Securities Risk. The Fund may invest in securities that are subordinated in right of payment to more senior securities of the issuer. Subordinated securities are more likely to suffer a credit loss than non-subordinated securities of the same issuer and will be disproportionately affected by a default, downgrade or perceived decline in creditworthiness.
- ESG Criteria Risk. While the Advisor believes that the integration of ESG analysis as part of the investment process contributes to its risk management approach, the Fund's consideration of ESG criteria in making its investment decisions may affect the Fund's exposure to risks associated with certain issuers, industries and sectors, which may impact the Fund's investment performance. In addition, because the Fund's ESG criteria exclude securities of certain issuers, the Fund may forgo some market opportunities available to funds that do not use these criteria. There are significant differences in the interpretation of what it means for an issuer to have positive ESG characteristics. While the Advisor believes its ESG criteria for excluding securities of certain issuers is reasonable, the Fund's investments may include securities of issuers that derive significant revenue from activities that are generally not within ESG guidelines.
- *Private Placements and Restricted Securities Risk.* Private placements and other restricted securities may be considered illiquid securities. Private placements typically are subject to restrictions on resale as a matter of contract or under federal securities laws. Because there may be relatively few potential purchasers for such securities, especially under adverse market or economic conditions or in the event of adverse changes in the financial condition of the issuer, the Fund could find it more difficult to sell such securities when it may be advisable to do so or it may be able to sell such securities only at prices lower than if such securities were more widely held. The absence of a liquid trading market may also make it difficult to determine the fair value of such securities for purposes of computing the Fund's net asset value.
- *LIBOR Risk.* The London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") was a leading benchmark or reference rate for various commercial and financial contracts, including corporate and municipal bonds, bank loans, asset-backed and mortgage-related securities, interest rate swaps and other derivatives. On July 27, 2017, the United Kingdom's Financial Conduct Authority announced the gradual phase out of the LIBOR rate, with nearly all LIBOR rate publications having ceased as of June 30, 2023 (some LIBOR rates continue to be published, but only on a temporary and synthetic basis). Alternatives to LIBOR have been established and others may be developed. The transition to a new reference rate may result in (i) increased volatility or illiquidity in markets for instruments or contracts that previously relied on or still rely on LIBOR; (ii) a reduction in the value of certain instruments or contracts held by the Fund; (iii) reduced effectiveness of related Fund transactions, such as hedging; (iv) additional tax, accounting and regulatory risks; or (v) costs incurred in connection with closing out positions and entering into new trades. Any pricing adjustments to the Fund's investments resulting from a substitute reference rate may also adversely affect the Fund's performance and/or net asset value per share ("NAV").

- *Management and Strategy Risk.* The value of your investment depends on the judgment of the Advisor about the quality, relative yield, value or market trends affecting a particular security, industry, sector or region, which may prove to be incorrect.
- *Portfolio Focus Risk.* To the extent a significant portion of the Fund's assets is invested in one or more investment type, the Fund's exposure to the risks associated with that investment type or types will be greater than if the Fund's assets are diversified among many different investment types. As of June 30, 2024, approximately 35% of the Fund's assets were invested in CLOs.
- *Prepayment or Call Risk.* Many issuers have a right to prepay their securities. If interest rates fall, an issuer may exercise this right. If this happens, the Fund will not benefit from the rise in market price that normally accompanies a decline in interest rates, and will be forced to reinvest prepayment proceeds at a time when yields on securities available in the market are lower than the yield on the prepaid security. The Fund may also lose any premium it paid on the security.
- Short Sales Risk. In connection with a short sale of a security or other instrument, the Fund is subject to the risk that instead of declining, the price of the security or other instrument sold short will rise. If the price of the security or other instrument sold short increases between the date of the short sale and the date on which the Fund replaces the security or other instrument borrowed to make the short sale, the Fund will experience a loss, which is theoretically unlimited since there is a theoretically unlimited potential for the market price of a security or other instrument sold short to increase. Shorting options or futures may have an imperfect correlation to the assets held by the Fund and may not adequately protect against losses in or may result in greater losses for the Fund's portfolio.
- *Recent Market Events.* Periods of market volatility may occur in response to market events and other economic, political, and global macro factors. For example, in recent years the COVID-19 pandemic, the large expansion of government deficits and debt as a result of government actions to mitigate the effects of the pandemic, Russia's invasion of Ukraine, and the rise of inflation have resulted in extreme volatility in the global economy and in global financial markets. These and other similar events could be prolonged and could adversely affect the value and liquidity of the Fund's investments, impair the Fund's ability to satisfy redemption requests, and negatively impact the Fund's performance.
- *Cybersecurity Risk.* Cybersecurity incidents may allow an unauthorized party to gain access to Fund assets, customer data (including private shareholder information), or proprietary information, or cause the Fund, the Advisor, and/or other service providers (including custodians, sub-custodians, transfer agents and financial intermediaries) to suffer data breaches, data corruption or loss of operational functionality. In an extreme case, a shareholder's ability to exchange or redeem Fund shares may be affected. Issuers of securities in which the Fund invests are also subject to cybersecurity risks, and the value of those securities could decline if the issuers experience cybersecurity incidents.
- *Portfolio Turnover Risk.* Active and frequent trading of the Fund's portfolio securities may lead to higher transaction costs and may result in a greater number of taxable transactions than would otherwise be the case, which could negatively affect the Fund's performance. A high rate of portfolio turnover is 100% or more.

Performance

The bar chart and table below provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the average annual total returns of the Fund compare with the average annual total returns of an appropriate broad-based securities market index. Updated performance information is available at the Fund's website, www.palmersquarefunds.com or by calling the Fund at 1-800-736-1145. The Fund's performance, before and after taxes, is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.



For each calendar year at NAV



The year-to-date return for the Fund as of September 30, 2024, was 5.60%.

Highest Calendar Quarter Return at NAV (not-annualized):	8.44%	Quarter Ended June 30, 2020
Lowest Calendar Quarter Return at NAV (not-annualized):	(7.97)%	Quarter Ended March 31, 2020

Average Annual Total Returns for the periods ended December 31, 2023	1 Year	5 Years	Since Inception February 28, 2014
Return Before Taxes	8.78%	3.57%	3.09%
Return After Taxes on Distributions*	6.44%	2.31%	1.76%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares*	5.15%	2.19%	1.77%
Bloomberg U.S. Corporate 1-3 Year Index (reflects no			
deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	5.48%	2.17%	1.86%
Bloomberg Barclays Aggregate Bond Index (reflects no			
deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	5.53%	1.10%	1.63%

* After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

Investment Advisor

Palmer Square Capital Management LLC

Portfolio Managers

Angie K. Long, CFA, Chief Investment Officer, and Christopher D. Long, Chief Executive Officer, have been jointly and primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund's portfolio since its inception on February 28, 2014. Jon R. Brager, CFA, Senior Credit Analyst and Portfolio Manager, has been jointly and primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund's portfolio since October 1, 2019.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Shares of the Fund are available for investment only by clients of financial intermediaries, institutional investors, and a limited number of other investors approved by the Advisor.

To purchase shares of the Fund, you must invest at least the following minimum amount.

Minimum Investments	To Open Your Account	To Add to Your Account
All Accounts	\$250,000	None

Shares of the Fund are redeemable on any business day the New York Stock Exchange (the "NYSE") is open for business, by written request or by telephone. If you are purchasing or redeeming Fund shares through an intermediary such as a broker-dealer or bank, contact your intermediary directly.

Tax Information

The Fund's distributions are generally taxable, and will ordinarily be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account. Shareholders investing through such tax-advantaged arrangements may be taxed later upon withdrawal of monies from those arrangements.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.